

دليل التنسيق

DokuWiki supports some simple markup language, which tries to make the datafiles to be as readable as possible. This page contains all possible syntax you may use when editing the pages. Simply have a look at the source of this page by pressing "Edit this page". If you want to try something, just use the playground page. The simpler markup is easily accessible via quickbuttons , too

Basic Text Formatting

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Of course you can ***__//''combine''//__*** all these.

.You can use _{subscript} and ^{superscript} , too

You can use `_{subscript}` and `^{superscript}` , too.

.You can mark something as ~~deleted~~ as well

You can mark something as `deleted` as well.

Paragraphs are created from blank lines. If you want to **force a newline** without a .paragraph, you can use two backslashes followed by a whitespace or the end of line

This is some text with some \linebreaks Note that the two backslashes are only recognized at .the end of a \line or followed \by a whitespace \\this happens without it

This is some text with some linebreaks\\ Note that the two backslashes are only recognized at the end of a line \\ or followed by\\ a whitespace \\this happens without it.

.You should use forced newlines only if really needed

Links

.DokuWiki supports multiple ways of creating links

External

External links are recognized automatically: <http://www.google.com> or simply www.google.com - You can set the link text as well: [This Link points to google](#). Email addresses like this one: andi@splitbrain.org are recognized, too.

DokuWiki supports multiple ways of creating links. External links are recognized automatically: `http://www.google.com` or simply `www.google.com` - You can set link text as well: `[[http://www.google.com|This Link points to google]]`. Email addresses like this one: `<andi@splitbrain.org>` are recognized, too.

Internal

Internal links are created by using square brackets. You can either just give a [pagename](#) or use an additional [link text](#).

Internal links are created by using square brackets. You can either just give a `[[pagename]]` or use an additional `[[pagename|link text]]`.

[Wiki pagenames](#) are converted to lowercase automatically, special characters are not allowed.

You can use [namespaces](#) by using a colon in the pagename.

You can use `[[some:namespaces|]]` by using a colon in the pagename.


For details about namespaces see [namespaces](#).

Linking to a specific section is possible, too. Just add the section name behind a hash character as known from HTML. This links to [this Section](#).

This links to `[[syntax#internal|this Section]]`.



:Notes

Links to [existing pages](#) are shown in a different style from [nonexisting](#) ones • DokuWiki does not use [CamelCase](#) to automatically create links by default, but this •

.behavior can be enabled in the  [config](#) file. Hint: If DokuWiki is a link, then it's enabled


- When a section's heading is changed, its bookmark changes, too. So don't rely on •
- .section linking too much

Interwiki

DokuWiki supports  [Interwiki](#) links. These are quick links to other Wikis. For example this is a
.link to Wikipedia's page about Wikis:  [Wiki](#)


DokuWiki supports `[[doku>Interwiki]]` links. These are quick links to other Wikis.
For example this is a link to Wikipedia's page about Wikis:
`[[wp>Wiki]]`.

Windows Shares

Windows shares like [this](#) are recognized, too. Please note that these only make sense in a
.homogeneous user group like a corporate  [Intranet](#)

Windows Shares like `[[\\server\share|this]]` are recognized, too.

:Notes

- For security reasons direct browsing of windows shares only works in Microsoft Internet •
- .(“Explorer per default (and only in the “local zone
- For Mozilla and Firefox it can be enabled through different workaround mentioned in the •
- [Mozilla Knowledge Base](#). However, there will still be a JavaScript warning about trying to
- open a Windows Share. To remove this warning (for all users), put the following line in
- :`(conf/lang/en/lang.php` (more details at  [localization](#)

`conf/lang/en/lang.php`

```
<?php
/**
 * Customization of the english language file
 * Copy only the strings that needs to be modified
 */
$lang['js']['nosmblinks'] = '';
```

Image Links

You can also use an image to link to another internal or external page by combining the :syntax for links and [images](#) (see below) like this

```
[[http://php.net|{{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png}}]]
```



.Please note: The image formatting is the only formatting syntax accepted in link names

The whole [image](#) and [link](#) syntax is supported (including image resizing, internal and external .(images and URLs and interwiki links

Footnotes

.You can add footnotes ¹⁾ by using double parentheses

You can add footnotes ((This is a footnote)) by using double parentheses.

Sectioning

You can use up to five different levels of headlines to structure your content. If you have more than three headlines, a table of contents is generated automatically -- this can be .disabled by including the string `~~NOTOC~~` in the document

Headline Level 3


Headline Level 4

Headline Level 5

```
==== Headline Level 3 ====
=== Headline Level 4 ===
== Headline Level 5 ==
```

:By using four or more dashes, you can make a horizontal line

Media Files

You can include external and internal  images, videos and audio files with curly brackets. Optionally you can specify the size of them



:Real size



:Resize to given width



: 'Resize to given width and height'²



:Resized external image

```
Real size:                {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png}}
Resize to given width:    {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png?50}}
Resize to given width and height: {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png?200x50}}
Resized external image:  {{https://secure.php.net/images/php.gif?200x50}}
```

.By using left or right whitespaces you can choose the alignment





```
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png }}  
{{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png }}  
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png }}
```

.Of course, you can add a title (displayed as a tooltip by most browsers), too



```
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png |This is the caption }}
```

.For linking an image to another page see [Image Links](#) above

Supported Media Formats

.DokuWiki can embed the following media formats directly

gif, jpg, png	Image
webm, ogv, mp4	Video
ogg, mp3, wav	Audio
swf	Flash

If you specify a filename that is not a supported media format, then it will be displayed as a [link](#) instead

By adding `?linkonly` you provide a link to the media without displaying it inline

```
{{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png?linkonly}}
```

[.dokuwiki-128.png](#) This is just a link to the image

Fallback Formats

Unfortunately not all browsers understand all video and audio formats. To mitigate the problem, you can upload your file in different formats for maximum browser compatibility

:For example consider this embedded mp4 video

```
{{video.mp4|A funny video}}
```

When you upload a `video.webm` and `video.ogv` next to the referenced `video.mp4`, DokuWiki will automatically add them as alternatives so that one of the three files is understood by your browser

Additionally DokuWiki supports a “poster” image which will be shown before the video has started. That image needs to have the same filename as the video and be either a `jpg` or `png` file. In the example above a `video.jpg` file would work

Lists

Dokuwiki supports ordered and unordered lists. To create a list item, indent your text by two spaces and use a `*` for unordered lists or a `-` for ordered ones

```

This is a list •
The second item •
You may have different levels ◦
Another item •

The same list but ordered .1
Another item .2
Just use indention for deeper levels .1
That's it .3
```

```

* This is a list
* The second item
  * You may have different levels
* Another item

- The same list but ordered
- Another item
```

- Just use indention for deeper levels
- That's it

.Also take a look at the [FAQ on list items](#)













Text Conversions

DokuWiki can convert certain pre-defined characters or strings into images or other text or .HTML

The text to image conversion is mainly done for smileys. And the text to HTML conversion is .used for typography replacements, but can be configured to use other HTML as well

Text to Image Conversions

DokuWiki converts commonly used [emoticons](#) to their graphical equivalents. Those [Smileys](#) and other images can be configured and extended. Here is an overview of Smileys :included in DokuWiki

(-8  •
O-8  •
)-:  •
(-:  •
(=  •
/-:  •
-: =class "-: •
?-:  •
D-:  •
P-:  •
O-:  •
X-:  •
|-:  •

(-; 😊 .
^ _ 😄 .
)m 🙌 .
:?: ? .
:!: ! .
LOL 🤡 .
FIXME 🔧 **Fix Me!** .
DELETEME 🗑️ **Delete!** .

Text to HTML Conversions

Typography: [DokuWiki](#) can convert simple text characters to their typographically correct .entities. Here is an example of recognized characters

> <<<=> => <= <-> -> <-